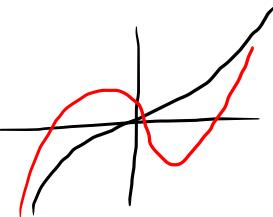


3.4.21 Établir le tableau des signes des fonctions suivantes.

a) $f(x) = x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2$



b) $f(x) = (x^3 - x^2 + x) \cdot (2 - x)$

c) $f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 + 8x + 4$

d) $f(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$

e) $f(x) = x(x+2)^2 \cdot (2-x^2) \cdot (x^2-1) \cdot (3-2x)$

d) $f(1) = 1 + 2 - 1 - 2 = 0 \Rightarrow x-1 \mid f$

Par Horner

	1	2	-1	-2
1	1	1	3	2
	1	3	2	0

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) &= (x-1)(x^2 + 3x + 2) \\&= (x-1) \boxed{(x+1)} (x+2)\end{aligned}$$

x	-2	-1	1
f(x)	-	+	-

x	-2	-1	1
x-1	-	-	-
x+1	-	-	0
x+2	-	0	+
f(x)	-	0	+

$$e) f(x) = x(x+2)^2 \cdot (2-x^2) \cdot (x^2-1) \cdot (3-2x)$$

$$= x \boxed{(x+2)^2} (\sqrt{2}-x)(\sqrt{2}+x)(x-1)(x+1)(-2x+3)$$

x	-2	$-\sqrt{2}$	-1	0	1	$\sqrt{2}$	$\frac{3}{2}$	f
x	-	-	-	-	+	+	+	+
$(x+2)^2$	+	0	+	+	+	+	+	-
$-x+\sqrt{2}$	+	+	+	+	+	0	-	$\cancel{\sqrt{2}}$
$x+\sqrt{2}$	-	-	0	+	+	+	+	$\cancel{-\sqrt{2}}$
$x-1$	—	—	—	—	—	0	+	\cancel{x}
$x+1$	-	-	-	0	+	+	+	$\cancel{-x}$
$-2x+3$	+	+	+	+	+	+	0	$\frac{3}{2}$
$f(x)$	+	0	+	0	-	0	+	0

e) $f(x) = x(x+2)^2 \cdot (2-x^2) \cdot (x^2-1) \cdot (3-2x)$

